– Parent advisory committees, such as local area councils, bilingual and booster groups to other unit, council and district PTAs in the community, area and state;
– Government and community groups and agencies, senior centers and civic organizations, cultural groups, local chambers of commerce and businesses.
• Promote and publicize activities through PTA newsletters, e-mail, website, fliers, local newspapers, personal telephone calls, public service announcements (PSAs), and other newsletters. Determine the most effective method of distributing printed material: mail, take home, handouts, or personal delivery by adult.
• Communicate opportunities beyond PTA activities to appreciate and learn more about cultures from around the world (e.g., museums, festivals, special events/activities, books, TV programs, videos and movies).

EVALUATING OUTREACH
Evaluate each activity while in progress or at its completion. Evaluate accomplishments at the end of the year. Ask members of the committee:
• Were outreach efforts successful?
• How could we improve our approach?
• Did those participating show an interest in the program?
• Will they come again? Will they bring others?
• Was it accessible to them?
• Will they become involved on the PTA board?
• What would they do differently?
• Were there conflicts in planning (scheduling, translators, facilities)?
• Was the program timely and of interest to the participants?
• How could more people be reached?
• What made the program a success?
• Were goals reached? Do goals need to be revised?

YOU KNOW OUTREACH HAS SUCCEEDED WHEN
• The make-up of the PTA reflects the make-up of the school community.
• There are some new PTA board members every year who represent all parts of the school community.
• New people are at each PTA association meeting, and many come to the next meeting.
• PTA members ask questions and make suggestions during association meetings.
• The involved membership includes students, teachers, community, and extended family members, not just parents.
• People respond to fliers, newsletters and website information translated into all the languages within the school.
• Members talk and socialize together before the association meeting starts.
• Membership and outreach are part of all PTA activity planning.
• The PTA board and membership does not think in terms of “them” and “us.”

REFER TO THE
• California State PTA Position Statement 4.5.39, Inclusiveness and Diversity.
• California State PTA Toolkit, Membership Chapter, sections 3.4 Building PTA Membership, and 3.5 Diversity and Inclusion.
• California State PTA brochure: Outreach: Building Community Unity Through PTA
Parent Involvement assists parents and other adults with issues they face in nurturing the development of children in their care. Programs should help parents and other caregivers strengthen their parenting skills and family involvement in their children’s lives. Since parenting covers many areas of PTA interest, the committee chairman should work with other chairmen, as appropriate, in planning activities.

**DUTIES**

- Appoint a committee. Work with the president and principal to have a broad-based committee appointed that is representative of the school community.

- Obtain or, if necessary, develop a procedure book that includes information from PTA materials such as the *Parents Empowering Parents (PEP) Guide* and other district, state and National PTA publications and resources.

- Provide forums for sharing cultural and life experiences so others understand and value their potential contribution.

- Survey parents to determine interests and needs in the home/school community. Consider program topics such as parenting skills, advocacy, reading, writing, math, health, violence prevention, the arts, and family life/sex education.

- Develop a parent outreach program that provides opportunities for interaction and engagement for all families, especially underrepresented groups.

- Plan a program. Ask the principal or designee and representatives from other school site groups that include parent members (e.g., Title I, school site councils, English Learners Advisory Council) to work with the committee to develop a year-long program of parent education/involvement activities. Be sure to budget for program expenses.

- Present the plan to the PTA board for approval. Submit the recommendation of the PTA board to the association for their consideration and vote of approval.

- Collaborate with other PTAs and community agencies to obtain information, materials and speakers. Explore ways to work with them in providing and publicizing parent education activities and co-sponsoring events.

- Publicize the activities. To be successful, each program or activity must be well publicized through the use of the PTA newsletter, e-mail contacts, fliers, the principal’s letter, local newspaper articles and most important, through the use of personal telephone calls. Contact local preschools, nearby schools, and neighbors to invite them to participate.

- Evaluate. In order to plan for the next year, evaluate the effectiveness of the current year’s parent involvement program by using a year-end survey or an evaluation sheet filled out at each event.

**SUGGESTIONS/IDEAS**

- Work with school staff and parents to develop an ongoing parent involvement action plan.

- Sponsor parent information programs on issues such as substance abuse, health, child development, parenting issues such as discipline and teaching decision-making skills, curriculum, textbooks and computer-assisted learning and other topics identified by parents and community. Offer language translation when needed.

- Take meetings into the community to make parents and others feel welcome.

- Offer a variety of family activity opportunities. Use sensitivity in setting dates, times and places for programs and events.

- Promote teacher-parent communication, and encourage staff development training to assist teachers in working with and involving parents.

- Encourage parents to attend school-sponsored functions such as back-to-school nights and parent-teacher conferences.

- Put parenting tips in the school or PTA newsletter.

- Start a Parent Center at the school with information about parenting, community resources, school information and policy, curriculum, etc.

- Establish a Parent Shelf in the school office or library, where parents can pick up free materials or check out written and/or audio-visual materials on topics of interest to parents.

- Create a welcome packet for new parents, with parenting and school-related information.

- Develop a program and information brochures designed to empower parents as advocates for their children at school and during parent-teacher conferences.